

Key monetary statistics

May 2020

On a monthly basis, M3 aggregate rose 1.4 percent in May, due to the increases of net claims on the Central Administration by 10.2 percent, the Official reserve assets by 0.9 percent and bank lending by 0.5 percent. The change in M3 reflects mainly a rise in money in circulation by 4 percent and demand deposits with banks by 1.6 percent as well as a 0.7 percent decline in time deposits.

Year-on-year, growth in the M3 aggregate accelerated from 6.1 percent in April to 7.1 percent in May 2020, reflecting a 20.4 percent rise, after 17.5 percent, of currency in circulation and an 8.1 percent increase, after 7.2 percent, in bank money. On the other hand, term accounts fell further from 7.6 percent to 8.1 percent.

By counterparts, growth rate of net claims on Central Government rose by 19.9 percent after 8.8 percent. Official reserve assets saw their growth decelerate slightly from 21.8 percent to 21.5 percent. Similarly, bank credit rose by 6.5 percent after 6.7 percent, with 6.4-percent higher lending to the non-financial sector, after 7.1 percent. This development mainly reflects the slowing from 2.9 percent to 1.5 percent in the growth of loans to households and from 1.2 percent to 0.1 percent in the growth of loans to public non-financial companies. The growth rate of loans to private non-financial corporations, in turn, virtually stabilised at 11.3 percent compared to the previous month.

By economic purpose, the slower growth of bank credit to the non-financial sector includes a deceleration in the growth of cash loans from 15.5 percent to 14.4 percent, of real estate loans from 2 percent to 1 percent, and that of equipment loans from 7.4 percent to 6.8 percent. Consumer loans fell by 0.7 percent after a 1.5 percent increase in the previous month.

| | Outstanding amount May-20 | Δ | | | Δ (%) | | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------|-------------|--------------|
| | | April-20 | December-19 | May-19 | April-20 | December-19 | May-19 |
| M1 | 950 230 | 19 685 | 38 405 | 98 676 | 2,1 🛦 | 4,2 ▲ | 11,6 🛦 |
| M2 | 1 118 736 | 21 029 | 40 389 | 105 262 | 1,9 ▲ | 3,7 ▲ | 10,4 |
| M3 | 1 410 388 | 19 818 | 39 870 | 93 669 | 1,4 ▲ | 2,9 ▲ | 7,1 ▲ |
| Liquid investment aggregate | 718 298 | 6 926 | -23 218 | 1 307 | 1,0 ▲ | -3,1 ▼ | 0,2 |
| Currency in circulation | 289 592 | 11 110 | 39 365 | 49 109 | 4,0 ▲ | 15,7 ▲ | 20,4 |
| Banking deposits included from broad money (1) | 953 168 | 8 742 | 4 572 | 38 897 | 0,9 ▲ | 0,5 🛦 | 4,3 ▲ |
| Demand deposits with the banking system | 592 288 | 9 047 | 5 097 | 46 683 | 1,6 ▲ | 0,9 🛦 | 8,6 🛦 |
| Time accounts and fixed-term bills | 142 101 | -1 050 | -7 774 | -12 588 | -0,7 ▼ | -5,2 ▼ | -8,1 ▼ |
| Securities of money market UCITS | 59 858 | 99 | 5 249 | 8 127 | 0,2 ▲ | 9,6 ▲ | 15,7 ▲ |
| Official reserve assets | 289 119 | 2 576 | 35 737 | 51 203 | 0,9 🛦 | 14,1 ▲ | 21,5 |
| Net claims on central government | 238 448 | 22 043 | 26 015 | 39 527 | 10,2 ▲ | 12,2 ▲ | 19,9 |
| Lending to the economy | 1 105 772 | 7 411 | 25 914 | 73 127 | 0,7 ▲ | 2,4 ▲ | 7,1 ▲ |
| Loans of other depository corporations ⁽²⁾ | 933 718 | 6 781 | 9 859 | 59 091 | 0,7 ▲ | 1,1 ▲ | 6,8 |
| Bank loans | 926 080 | 4 371 | 8 927 | 56 412 | 0,5 ▲ | 1,0 ▲ | 6,5 A |
| By economic purpose | 720 000 | 43/1 | 0 721 | 30 412 | 0,5 | 1,0 🛋 | 0,5 |
| Real estate loans | 276 075 | -349 | -600 | 2 690 | -0,1 ▼ | -0,2 ▼ | 1,0 🛦 |
| Housing loans | 214 373 | -196 | -593 | 2 434 | -0,1 ▼ | -0,3 ▼ | 1,1 |
| Of which: participation financing of housing | 8 671 | 169 | 876 | 2 811 | 2,0 ▲ | 11,2 | 48,0 ▲ |
| Loans to property developers | 58 054 | 1 423 | -1 330 | 82 | 2,5 ▲ | -2,2 ▼ | 0,1 🛦 |
| Debtor accounts and overdraft facilities | 204 569 | 3 387 | 14 826 | 28 233 | 1,7 ▲ | 7,8 🛕 | 16,0 ▲ |
| Equipment loans | 187 679 | 63 | 3 644 | 11 981 | 0,0 | 2,0 🛦 | 6,8 |
| Consumer loans | 54 984 | -801 | -1 604 | -410 | -1,4 ▼ | -2,8 ▼ | -0,7 ▼ |
| Miscellaneous claims | 129 030 | 1 348 | -11 150 | 7 881 | 1,1 ▲ | -8,0 ▼ | 6,5 ▲ |
| Non-performing loans | 73 743 | 723 | 3 811 | 6 036 | 1,0 ▲ | 5,5 ▲ | 8,9 🛦 |
| By institutional sectors | | | | | | | |
| Other financial corporations | 120 157 | 897 | -11 506 | 8 149 | 0,8 🛦 | -8,7 ▼ | 7,3 🛦 |
| non-financial sector | 805 923 | 3 474 | 20 433 | 48 263 | 0,4 ▲ | 2,6 ▲ | 6,4 ▲ |
| Public sector | 74 556 | 260 | 971 | 3 258 | 0,3 ▲ | 1,3 🛕 | 4,6 ▲ |
| Local government | 22 453 | 70 | -129 | 3 195 | 0,3 🛦 | -0,6 ▼ | 16,6 |
| Public nonfinancial corporations | 52 103 | 190 | 1 099 | 63 | 0,4 🛦 | 2,2 🛕 | 0,1 🛦 |
| Private sector Other perfectors of the perfectors | 731 367 385 923 | 3 214 4 404 | 19 462 17 986 | 45 005 39 330 | 0,4 ▲ | 2,7 ▲ | 6,6 ▲ |
| Other nonfinancial corporations | | | | | 1,2 🛦 | 4,9 🛦 | 11,3 🛦 |
| Households and NPISH ⁽³⁾ | 345 443 | -1 190 | 1 476 | 5 674 | -0,3 ▼ | 0,4 🛦 | 1,7 |

⁽¹⁾ All deposits opened by money-holding sectors with the banking system except regulated deposits and guarantee deposits.

⁽²⁾ Banks and monetary UCITS

⁽³⁾ Nonprofit Institutions Serving Households







